

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

Version 6.5 Revision Date 24.02.2023 Print Date 20.06.2023

# GENERIC EU MSDS - NO COUNTRY SPECIFIC DATA - NO OEL DATA

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Hexafluorophosphoric acid solution

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product Number : 200956 Brand : Aldrich

REACH No. : This product is a mixture. REACH Registration Number see

section 3.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Chemie GmbH

Eschenstrasse 5

D-82024 TAUFKIRCHEN

Telephone : +49 (0)89 6513-1130Fax : +49 (0)89 6513-1161

E-mail address : technischerservice@merckgroup.com

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : 0800 181 7059 (CHEMTREC Deutschland)

+49 (0)696 43508409 (CHEMTREC

weltweit)

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Corrosive to Metals (Category 1), H290 Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301 Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332 Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 2), H310 Skin corrosion (Sub-category 1B), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

A

Pictogram



Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Precautionary statement(s)

P234 Keep only in original packaging. P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

# Reduced Labeling (<= 125 ml)

Pictogram

Signal Word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s)

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face

protection.

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable

for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue

rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard

Statements

none

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Strong hydrogen fluoride-releaser

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# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

# 3.2 Mixtures

Synonyms : Hydrogen hexafluorophosphate

Formula : HF<sub>6</sub>P

Molecular weight : 145,97 g/mol

Component		Classification	Concentration		
hexafluorophosphoric acid					
CAS-No. EC-No.	16940-81-1 241-006-5 *	Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H314, H318	>= 50 - < 70 %		
phosphoric acid					
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	7664-38-2 231-633-2 015-011-00-6 01-2119485924-24- XXXX	Met. Corr. 1; Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H290, H302, H314, H318 Concentration limits: >= 25 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 10 - < 25 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 10 - < 25 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; >= 1 %: Met. Corr. 1, H290;	>= 3 - < 5 %		
Hydrofluoric acid					
CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No.	7664-39-3 231-634-8 009-003-00-1 *	Acute Tox. 2; Acute Tox. 1; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; H300, H330, H310, H314, H318 Concentration limits: >= 7 %: Skin Corr. 1A, H314; 1 - < 7 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 0,1 - < 1 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319;	>= 3 - < 5 %		
Fluorophosphoric acid, 70 WT.% solution					
CAS-No.	13537-32-1 *	Acute Tox. 3; Acute Tox. 2; Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; H301, H330, H311, H314, H318	>= 3 - < 5 %		
Difluorophosphoric acid					
CAS-No. EC-No.	13779-41-4 237-421-6	Skin Corr. 1B; H314	>= 3 - < 5 %		
	*				

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\*A registration number is not available for this substance as the substance or its use are exempted from registration according to Article 2 REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, the annual tonnage does not require a registration or the registration is envisaged for a later registration deadline.

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

# 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### **General advice**

Hydrofluoric (HF) acid burns require immediate and specialized first aid and medical treatment. Symptoms may be delayed up to 24 hours depending on the concentration of HF. After decontamination with water, further damage can occur due to penetration/absorption of the fluoride ion. Treatment should be directed toward binding the fluoride ion as well as the effects of exposure. Skin exposures can be treated with a 2.5% calcium gluconate gel repeated until burning ceases. More serious skin exposures may require subcutaneous calcium gluconate except for digital areas unless the physician is experienced in this technique, due to the potential for tissue injury from increased pressure. Absorption can readily occur through the subungual areas and should be considered when undergoing decontamination. Prevention of absorption of the fluoride ion in cases of ingestion can be obtained by giving milk, chewable calcium carbonate tablets or Milk of Magnesia to conscious victims. Conditions such as hypocalcemia, hypomagnesemia and cardiac arrhythmias should be monitored for, since they can occur after exposure. Countermeasurements must be implemented at once. First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. Keep respiratory tract clear. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

# In case of skin contact

First treatment with calcium gluconate paste. After contact with skin: Rinse with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes. Immediately remove contaminated clothes. Apply calcium gluconate gel (preparation: boil 5 g of calcium gluconate in 85 ml of hot distilled water, add 10 g glycerol. Allow 5 g of Carmellose-sodium to swell in the hot solution. Stable for 6 months, store in a cool place) and massage into the skin until the pain subsides, in between rinse with water and apply fresh gel. Continue gel therapy for another 15 minutes after the pain has subsided. If no calcium gluconate gel is available, apply several dressings thoroughly moistened with 20 % calcium gluconate solution. Medical advice absolutely required!

# In case of eye contact

After contact with eyes: Rinse with plenty of water keeping eyelids open, protecting the unaffected eye (at least 10 minutes). Seek medical advice immediately! Remove contact lenses.

# If swallowed

After swallowing: Immediately give to drink plenty of water, add calcium (in the form of calcium gluconate or calcium lactate). Caution: In the case of vomiting risk of perforation! Administer more calcium gluconate solution. Laxative: Sodium sulfate (1 tablespoon/1/4 l water). Seek medical advice immediately. Ensure that injured persons remain calm and protect them against heat loss.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

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# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note for the doctor: It is recommended to consult a doctor with experience in the treatment of lesions caused by hydrofluoric acid. If a systemic effect is suspected, monitoring and treatment in an intensive care unit is urgently required. Caution, ventricular fibrillation due to electrolyte imbalance.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

# Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

# Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

# 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not combustible.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

#### 5.4 Further information

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

# **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent and neutralising material (e.g. Chemizorb® HF, Merck Art. No. 101591). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

# Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

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## **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

# Storage conditions

No metal containers.

Tightly closed. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

## Storage stability

Recommended storage temperature

2 - 8 °C

Do not store in glass

# Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 6.1B: Non-combustible, acute toxic Cat. 1 and 2 / very toxic hazardous materials

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# Personal protective equipment

# Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

# Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0,6 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Camapren® (KCL 722 / Aldrich Z677493, Size M)

Splash contact Material: Chloroprene

Minimum layer thickness: 0,6 mm Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Camapren® (KCL 722 / Aldrich Z677493, Size M)

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data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

## **Body Protection**

protective clothing, Rubber or plastic boots

# Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type ABEK

The entrepeneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer. These measures have to be properly documented.

# Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

a)	Physical state	clear, liquid
b)	Color	light brown

c) Odor No data available
 d) Melting No data available point/freezing point

e) Initial boiling point No and boiling range

No data available

f) Flammability (solid, No

No data available

g) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

No data available

h) Flash point Not applicablei) Autoignition temperatureNot applicable

j) Decomposition No data available temperature

k) pH No data available

I) Viscosity Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

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No data available m) Water solubility n) Partition coefficient: No data available n-octanol/water No data available o) Vapor pressure p) Density 1,651 g/cm3 No data available Relative density q) Relative vapor No data available density

r) Particle No data available

characteristics

s) Explosive properties Not classified as explosive.

t) Oxidizing properties none

#### 9.2 Other safety information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

## 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature).

# 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Reacts dangerously with glass. no information available

# 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong bases, glass, Alkali metals, Powdered metals, Strong oxidizing agents, Metals, Reacts violently with water.glassMetals

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

# **Mixture**

# **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 123,84 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of

perforation of the esophagus and the stomach.

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 11,54 mg/l - vapor(Calculation method)

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Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 125,89 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

# Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes burns.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: Mixture causes serious eye damage.

Risk of blindness!

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

#### 11.2 Additional Information

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment The substance/mixture does not contain

components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea

Fluoride ion can reduce serum calcium levels possibly causing fatal hypocalcemia.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

The second second

# Components

# hexafluorophosphoric acid

# **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available
Oral: No data available
Inhalation: No data available
Dermal: No data available

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

**Aspiration hazard** 

No data available

# phosphoric acid

## **Acute toxicity**

LD50 Oral - Rat - 1.250 mg/kg

Remarks: Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Acute pulmonary edema.

Liver: Changes in liver weight.

(RTECS)

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 1.250 mg/kg

(Calculation method)

Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 24 h

Remarks: (ECHA)

Remarks: (Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, Annex VI)

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

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# Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Escherichia coli/Salmonella typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Test system: Human lymphocytes

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Test system: mouse lymphoma cells

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

# **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

# Hydrofluoric acid

# **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 1 h - 1,34 mg/l - vapor

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 0,6 mg/l - vapor

(Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table

3.1/3.2)

Symptoms: burns of mucous membranes, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract, Resultant lesions may affect the following:,

bronchitis, Pneumonia, Lung edema

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 5,1 mg/kg

(Expert judgment)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table

3.1/3.2)

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table

3.1/3.2)

Remarks: Symptoms may be delayed.

Possible damages:

Necrosis

Tendency of poor wound-healing after penetration of the substance.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns.

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(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Remarks: Causes serious eye damage.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: S. typhimurium

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: Positive results were obtained in some in vitro tests.

Species: Rat

Remarks: Cytogenetic analysis

# Carcinogenicity

No data available

# Reproductive toxicity

No data available

# Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Acute inhalation toxicity - burns of mucous membranes, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract, Resultant lesions may affect following:, bronchitis, Pneumonia, Lung edema

# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

# **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

# Fluorophosphoric acid, 70 WT.% solution

#### **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available
Inhalation: No data available
Dermal: No data available
Skin corrosion/irritation

Remarks: No data available

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: No data available

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

# Carcinogenicity

No data available

# Reproductive toxicity

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

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# Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

# Difluorophosphoric acid

# **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available Inhalation: No data available Dermal: No data available

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Remarks: No data available

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Remarks: No data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

**Germ cell mutagenicity** 

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

**Aspiration hazard** 

No data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

#### **Mixture**

No data available

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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# **12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components

considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# 12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

# **Components**

# hexafluorophosphoric acid

No data available No data available

# phosphoric acid

Toxicity to daphnia static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 100 mg/l -

and other aquatic 48 h

invertebrates (OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae static test ErC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae) - >

100 mg/l - 72 h

(OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria static test EC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h

(OECD Test Guideline 209)

# **Hydrofluoric acid**

Toxicity to daphnia static test NOEC - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 3,7 mg/l - 21

and other aquatic

invertebrates(Chronic Remarks: (ECHA)

toxicity)

# Fluorophosphoric acid, 70 WT.% solution

No data available

# Difluorophosphoric acid

No data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

# **Product**

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See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

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# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: 1782 IMDG: 1782 IATA: 1782

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID IMDG: HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID IATA: Hexafluorophosphoric acid

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 8 IMDG: 8 IATA: 8

14.4 Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code : (E)

Further information : No data available

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

**National legislation** 

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European : ACUTE TOXIC

Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous

substances.

: OTHER HAZARDS : ACUTE TOXIC

# Other regulations

Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations where applicable.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H300 Fatal if swallowed.

H301 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H302 Toxic if swallowed. H310 Harmful if swallowed.

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H311	Fatal in contact with skin.
H314	
H315	Toxic in contact with skin.
H318	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes skin irritation.
H330	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	May be corrosive to metals.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM -American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS -Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx -Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. -Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (O)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS -Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Classification of the	ne mixture	Classification procedure:
Met. Corr.1	H290	Calculation method
Acute Tox.3	H301	Calculation method
Acute Tox.4	H332	Calculation method
Acute Tox.2	H310	Calculation method
Skin Corr.1B	H314	Calculation method
Eve Dam.1	H318	Calculation method

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#### **Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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