

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 8.8  
Revision Date 02/08/2023  
Print Date 04/07/2023

**SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking****1.1 Product identifiers**

Product name : Lead(II) nitrate for analysis EMSURE®  
ACS, Reag. Ph Eur

Product Number : 1.07398  
Catalogue No. : 107398  
Brand : Millipore  
Index-No. : 082-001-00-6  
CAS-No. : 10099-74-8

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Identified uses : Reagent for analysis

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

Company : Sigma-Aldrich Inc.  
3050 SPRUCE ST  
ST. LOUIS MO 63103  
UNITED STATES

Telephone : +1 314 771-5765  
Fax : +1 800 325-5052

**1.4 Emergency telephone**

Emergency Phone # : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA) +1-703-  
527-3887 CHEMTREC (International) 24  
Hours/day; 7 Days/week

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture****GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)**

Oxidizing solids (Category 2), H272  
Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 4), H302  
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 4), H332  
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318  
Skin sensitization (Category 1), H317  
Carcinogenicity (Category 2), H351  
Reproductive toxicity (Category 1A), H360  
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 1), Blood, Central nervous system, Immune system, Kidney, H372  
Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H400  
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 1), H410

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## 2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal Word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer.  
H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.  
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.  
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
H372 Causes damage to organs (Blood, Central nervous system, Immune system, Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.  
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.  
P210 Keep away from heat.  
P220 Keep/Store away from clothing/ combustible materials.  
P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles.  
P260 Do not breathe dust.  
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.  
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.  
P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.  
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell.  
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.  
P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.  
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  
P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.  
P391 Collect spillage.  
P405 Store locked up.  
P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

## 2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS - none

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

Formula	: Pb(NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
Molecular weight	: 331.2 g/mol
CAS-No.	: 10099-74-8
EC-No.	: 233-245-9
Index-No.	: 082-001-00-6

Component	Classification	Concentration
<b>Lead(II) nitrate</b>	Ox. Sol. 2; Acute Tox. 4; Eye Dam. 1; Skin Sens. 1; Carc. 2; Repr. 1A; STOT RE 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H272, H302, H332, H318, H317, H351, H360, H372, H400, H410 M-Factor - Aquatic Acute: 10 - Aquatic Chronic: 1	<= 100 %

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first-aid measures

#### General advice

Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

#### In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Consult a physician.

#### In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

#### If swallowed

After swallowing: immediately make victim drink water (two glasses at most). Consult a physician.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

#### **Suitable extinguishing media**

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)

Lead oxides

Not combustible.

Fire may cause evolution of:

nitrogen oxides

Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen.

Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours.

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

### **5.4 Further information**

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray jet. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

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## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid generation and inhalation of dusts in all circumstances. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Do not let product enter drains.

### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For disposal see section 13.

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Advice on safe handling**

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture.

#### **Advice on protection against fire and explosion**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### **Hygiene measures**

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### Storage conditions

Tightly closed. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons. Do not store near combustible materials.

Recommended storage temperature see product label.

### Storage class

Storage class (TRGS 510): 5.1B: Oxidizing hazardous materials

## 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Component	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
Lead(II) nitrate	10099-74-8	TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
	Remarks	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans		
		PEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens
		OSHA specifically regulated carcinogen		
		TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits
		PEL	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	California permissible exposure limits for chemical contaminants (Title 8, Article 107)

#### Biological occupational exposure limits

Component	CAS-No.	Parameters	Value	Biological specimen	Basis
Lead(II) nitrate	10099-74-8	Lead	200 µg/l	In blood	ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
	Remarks	Not critical			

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

## Personal protective equipment

### Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

### Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Full contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril® L

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: [www.kcl.de](http://www.kcl.de)).

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0.11 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested:KCL 741 Dermatril® L

### Body Protection

protective clothing

### Respiratory protection

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a dust mask type N95 (US) or type P1 (EN 143) respirator. Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full-face particle respirator type N99 (US) or type P2 (EN 143) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

### Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains.

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- |                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| a) Appearance     | Form: solid<br>Color: colorless                                 |
| b) Odor           | odorless  |
| c) Odor Threshold | Not applicable  |
| d) pH             | 3 - 4 at 50 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F)                                |
| e) Melting        | Melting point/range: 458 - 459 °C (856 - 858 °F) at 1,023 hPa - |

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point/freezing point	OECD Test Guideline 102
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	> 500 °C > 932 °F at 1,023 hPa - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.2
g) Flash point	( )Not applicable
h) Evaporation rate	Not applicable
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	The product is not flammable. - Flammability (solids)
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No data available
k) Vapor pressure	< 0.1 hPa at 20 °C (68 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 104 - low
l) Vapor density	Not applicable
m) Density	4.49 g/cm <sup>3</sup> at 20 °C (68 °F) - OECD Test Guideline 109
Relative density	4.7723.6 °C - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.3
n) Water solubility	486 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.6 - completely soluble
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	- Not applicable for inorganic substances
p) Autoignition temperature	400 °C (752 °F) at 1,023 hPa - Relative self-ignition temperature for solids
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	The substance or mixture is classified as oxidizing with the category 2.

## 9.2 Other safety information

Bulk density	ca.1,850 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Particle size	368.4 µm - OECD Test Guideline 110 - Mean particle size
Relative vapor density	Not applicable

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## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No data available

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:  
organic combustible substances  
ammonium compounds

acetates  
Alcohols  
Esters

#### **10.4 Conditions to avoid**

no information available

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

No data available

#### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

In the event of fire: see section 5

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

##### **Acute toxicity**

Oral: No data available

Inhalation: No data available

LD50 Dermal - Rat - male and female - > 2,000 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: Lead(II) oxide red

No data available

##### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Skin - In vitro study

Result: non-corrosive

(OECD Test Guideline 431)

Skin - In vitro study

Result: No skin irritation - 42 min

(OECD Test Guideline 439)

##### **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Eyes - Bovine cornea

Result: Causes serious eye damage. - 4 h

(OECD Test Guideline 437)

##### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Local lymph node assay (LLNA) - Mouse

Result: positive

(OECD Test Guideline 429)

##### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)

(ECHA)

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Cell type: Red blood cells (erythrocytes)

Application Route: Oral



Result: positive

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)  
(ECHA)

The value is given in analogy to the following substances: lead(II) acetate

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test

Species: Monkey

Cell type: lymphocyte

Application Route: Oral

Result: positive

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)  
(ECHA)

Test Type: comet assay

Species: Mouse

Cell type: Liver cells

Application Route: Inhalation

Result: negative

Remarks: (in analogy to similar products)  
(ECHA)

### **Carcinogenicity**

Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

NTP: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

May damage the unborn child. Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies.

May damage fertility. Positive evidence from human epidemiological studies.

### **Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

No data available

### **Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

- Blood, Central nervous system, Immune system, Kidney

### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available

## **11.2 Additional Information**

Lead salts have been reported to cross the placenta and to induce embryo- and fetomortality.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Systemic effects:

After absorption:

After a latency period:

Salivation  
Vomiting  
drop in blood pressure

A lethal effect is possible after the uptake of large quantities.

The following applies to lead compounds in general: Due to the poor absorbability via the gastrointestinal tract, only very high doses lead to acute cases of intoxication. After a latency period of several hours, metallic taste, nausea, vomiting, and colics occur, in many instances followed by shock. Chronic uptake causes peripheral muscular weakness ("drop-wrist"), anaemia, and central-nervous disorders. Women of child-bearing age should not be exposed to the substance over longer periods of time (observe critical threshold).

The following applies to nitrites/nitrates in general: methaemoglobinaemia after the uptake of large quantities.

Other dangerous properties can not be excluded.

This substance should be handled with particular care.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 0.1 mg/l - 96 h Remarks: (ECHA)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 1.8 mg/l - 48 h Remarks: (ECOTOX Database)
Toxicity to algae	EC50 - algae - 0.024 - 0.029 mg/l - 28 h Remarks: (Lit.)
Toxicity to fish(Chronic toxicity)	semi-static test NOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 1.337 mg/l - 7 d Remarks: (ECHA)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates(Chronic toxicity)	semi-static test NOEC - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) - 0.0224 mg/l - 7 d (US-EPA)

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

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### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Depending on the concentration, phosphorus and/or nitrogen compounds may contribute to the eutrophication of drinking- water supplies.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. See [www.retrologistik.com](http://www.retrologistik.com) for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

### DOT (US)

UN number: 1469 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Lead nitrate

Reportable Quantity (RQ): 10 lbs

Marine pollutant: yes Poison Inhalation Hazard: No

### IMDG

UN number: 1469 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II EMS-No: F-A, S-Q

Proper shipping name: LEAD NITRATE

Marine pollutant : yes

Marine pollutant : yes

### IATA

UN number: 1469 Class: 5.1 (6.1) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Lead nitrate

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### SARA 302 Components

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This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

**SARA 313 Components**

The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead(II) nitrate	10099-74-8	1993-02-16

**Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead(II) nitrate	10099-74-8	1993-02-16

**Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
Lead(II) nitrate	10099-74-8	1993-02-16

**California Prop. 65 Components**

	CAS-No.	Revision Date
, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to <a href="http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov">www.P65Warnings.ca.gov</a> . Lead(II) nitrate	10099-74-8	2007-09-28

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**SECTION 16: Other information**

**Further information**

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See [www.sigma-aldrich.com](http://www.sigma-aldrich.com) and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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Version: 8.8

Revision Date: 02/08/2023

Print Date: 04/07/2023