

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Version 8.3 Revision Date 04.06.2021 Print Date 26.02.2023

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifiers

Product name : Acetic acid (glacial) 100% for analysis

EMPARTA® ACS

Product Number : 1.01830

Catalogue No. : 101830

Brand : Millipore

Index-No. : 607-002-00-6

CAS-No. : 64-19-7

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Reagent for analysis, Chemical production

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company : SIGMA-ALDRICH CANADA LTD.

2149 WINSTON PARK DRIVE OAKVILLE ON L6H 6J8

CANADA

Telephone : +1 905 829-9500 Fax : +1 905 829-9292

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency Phone # : 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)

+1-703-527-3887 CHEMTREC

(International)

24 Hours/day; 7 Days/week

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids (Category 3), H226 Skin corrosion (Category 1A), H314 Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

2.2 GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement(s) H226 H314	Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Precautionary statement(s) P210) Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 P240	Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 P242 P243	Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment. Use non-sparking tools.
P243 P264 P280	Take action to prevent static discharges. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face
P301 + P330 + P331 P303 + P361 + P353	protection. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated
P304 + P340 + P310	clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.
P363 P370 + P378	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.
P403 + P235 P405 P501	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) or not covered by GHS

- none

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Formula : C2H4O2 Molecular weight : 60.05 g/mol CAS-No. : 64-19-7 EC-No. : 200-580-7 : 607-002-00-6 Index-No.

Component	Classification	Concentration *
acetic acid		
	Flam. Liq. 3; Skin Corr. 1A; Eye Dam. 1; H226, H314, H318 Concentration limits: 10 - < 25 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319; 10 - < 25 %: Skin	<= 100 %



	Irrit. 2, H315; 25 - < 90 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; >= 90 %: Skin Corr. 1A, H314; >= 90 %: 3, H226;
* Weight %	

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Call in physician.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eve contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: make victim drink water (two glasses at most), avoid vomiting (risk of perforation). Call a physician immediately. Do not attempt to neutralise.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Fire may cause evolution of:

Acetic acid vapours

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air at elevated temperatures.



Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

5.4 Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up with liquid-absorbent and neutralising material (e.g. Chemizorb® H⁺, Merck Art. No. 101595). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Recommended storage temperature see product label.

Storage class (TRGS 510): 3: Flammable liquids

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated



SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Components with workplace control parameters

Components with	i workpiace	control	parameters	
Components	CAS-No.	Value	Control parameters	Basis
acetic acid	64-19-7	TWA	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		STEL	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Canada. Alberta, Occupational Health and Safety Code (table 2: OEL)
		TWA	10 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		STEL	15 ppm	Canada. British Columbia OEL
		TWAEV	10 ppm 25 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		STEV	15 ppm 37 mg/m3	Québec. Regulation respecting occupational health and safety, Schedule 1, Part 1: Permissible exposure values for airborne contaminants
		TWA	10 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
		STEL	15 ppm	USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber



Minimum layer thickness: 0.7 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested:Butoject® (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell,

Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact

Material: Latex gloves

Minimum layer thickness: 0.6 mm Break through time: 30 min

Material tested:Lapren® (KCL 706 / Aldrich Z677558, Size M)

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated. Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: liquid a) Appearance

Color: colorless

b) Odor stinging c) Odor Threshold 0.2 ppm

2.5 at 50 g/l at 20 °C (68 °F) d) pH

e) Melting Melting point: 16.64 °C (61.95 °F)

point/freezing point

Initial boiling point 117.9 °C 244.2 °F at 1,013.25 hPa

and boiling range

g) Flash point 39 °C (102 °F) - closed cup

h) Evaporation rate No data available Not applicable

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower Upper explosion limit: 19.9 %(V) j) flammability or Lower explosion limit: 4 %(V) explosive limits

20.79 hPa at 25 °C (77 °F) k) Vapor pressure

Vapor density 2.07

m) Relative density No data available

n) Water solubility 602.9 g/l at 25 °C (77 °F) at 1,013 hPa - completely soluble

o) Partition coefficient: log Pow: -0.17 at 25 °C (77 °F) - Bioaccumulation is not

n-octanol/water expected., (ECHA)

p) Autoignition 463 °C (865 °F)

temperature

q) Decomposition Distillable in an undecomposed state at normal pressure.

temperature

r) Viscosity 1.17 mm2/s at 20 °C (68 °F) -

s) Explosive properties No data availablet) Oxidizing properties No data available

9.2 Other safety information

Surface tension 28.8 mN/m at 10.0 °C (50.0 °F)

Relative vapor

density

2.07

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Vapor/air-mixtures are explosive at intense warming.

10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with:

peroxi compounds

perchloric acid

fuming sulfuric acid

phosphorus halides

hydrogen peroxide

chromium(VI) oxide

potassium permanganate

Peroxides

Strong oxidizing agents

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with:

Iron

Zinc

magnesium

Mild steel

Possible formation of:

Hydrogen

Violent reactions possible with:

strong alkalis

Aldehydes

alkali hydroxides

nonmetallic halides

ethanolamine

Acetaldehyde

Alcohols

halogen-halogen compounds

chlorosulfonic acid



chromosulfuric acid Potassium hydroxide Nitric acid

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heating.

10.5 Incompatible materials

various metals

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

LD50 Oral - Rat - 3,310 mg/kg

Remarks: (RTECS)

LC50 Inhalation - Mouse - 4 h - 2,819 mg/l

Remarks: (RTECS)

Dermal: No data available

No data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 404)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Causes burns. - 4 h (OECD Test Guideline 405)

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Rat

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: Mutagenicity (micronucleus test)

Carcinogenicity No data available

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Additional Information

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Ingestion or inhalation of concentrated acetic acid causes damage to tissues of the respiratory and digestive tracts. Symptoms include: hematemesis, bloody diarrhea, edema and/or perforation of the esophagus and pylorus, pancreatitis, hematuria, anuria, uremia, albuminuria, hemolysis, convulsions, bronchitis, pulmonary edema, pneumonia, cardiovascular collapse, shock, and death. Direct contact or exposure to high concentrations of vapor with skin or eyes can cause: erythema, blisters, tissue destruction with slow healing, skin blackening, hyperkeratosis, fissures, corneal erosion, opacification, iritis, conjunctivitis, and possible blindness.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

Stomach - Irregularities - Based on Human Evidence

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish semi-static test LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - >

1,000 mg/l - 96 h

(OECD Test Guideline 203)

Toxicity to daphnia

and other aquatic

invertebrates

static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - > 1,000 mg/l - 48 h

(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae static test EC50 - Skeletonema costatum - > 1,000 mg/l - 72 h

(ISO 10253)

Toxicity to bacteria EC5 - Pseudomonas putida - 2,850 mg/l - 16 h

Remarks: neutral

(maximum permissible toxic concentration)

(Lit.)



microtox test EC50 - Photobacterium phosphoreum - 11 mg/l - 15

min

Remarks: (IUCLID)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Result: 99 % - Readily biodegradable.

(OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Remarks: (HSDB)

Result: 95 % - Readily eliminated from water

(OECD Test Guideline 302B)

Biochemical Oxygen 880 mg/g Demand (BOD) Remarks: (Lit.)

Ratio BOD/ThBOD 76 %

Remarks: (IUCLID)

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

12.6 Other adverse effects

Biological effects:

Harmful effect due to pH shift. Caustic even in diluted form.

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Waste material must be disposed of in accordance with the national and local regulations. Leave chemicals in original containers. No mixing with other waste. Handle uncleaned containers like the product itself. See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

TDG

UN number: 2789 Class: 8 (3) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

Subsidiary risk : 3

Labels: 8

(3)ERG Code: 132 Marine pollutant: no

IMDG

UN number: 2789 Class: 8 (3) Packing group: II EMS-No: F-E, S-C



Proper shipping name: ACETIC ACID, GLACIAL

IATA

UN number: 2789 Class: 8 (3) Packing group: II

Proper shipping name: Acetic acid, glacial

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. Sigma-Aldrich Corporation and its Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product. See www.sigma-aldrich.com and/or the reverse side of invoice or packing slip for additional terms and conditions of sale.

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